| 1 | Q. | In reference to sections 4.2 and 4.3 of the ESRA Report, please provide details of |
|----|----|---|
| 2 | | the N-1 generation and transmission contingencies required to be reviewed after |
| 3 | | TL267 is in service. Please provide the most onerous single generation contingency |
| 4 | | and transmission contingency after TL267 is in service. |
| 5 | | |
| 6 | | |
| 7 | Α. | Once TL267 is placed in service, the most onerous ac transmission line contingency |
| 8 | | would be in the TL242-TL266 corridor between Soldiers Pond Terminal Station and |
| 9 | | Hardwoods Terminal Station. This will be the most heavily loaded ac corridor in the |
| 10 | | IIS. Required upgrades to this corridor, identified via transmission planning analysis, |
| 11 | | were addressed in Hydro's 2016 Capital Budget where the construction of a new |
| 12 | | 230 kV transmission line, TL266, was approved. With respect to transmission |
| 13 | | contingencies required to be reviewed after TL267 is in service, Hydro will continue |
| 14 | | to evaluate its transmission network in accordance with Board-approved |
| 15 | | transmission planning criteria, as described in section 4.3 of the ESRA report. |
| 16 | | |
| 17 | | Hydro does not use N-1 criterion in the determination of generation adequacy for |
| 18 | | the Island Interconnected System. Hydro currently uses Loss of Load Hours (LOLH), |
| 19 | | a probabilistic determination of generation adequacy, and reserve margin, based on |
| 20 | | the current 240 MW target. |
| 21 | | |
| 22 | | Prior to the in-service of Muskrat Falls, Holyrood plant will continue to provide base |
| 23 | | load power to the Island Interconnected System, and as such, the loss of Unit 1 or |
| 24 | | Unit 2 at Holyrood will remain the most onerous single generation contingency. |
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