NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR HYDRO

Sequence of Events Leading up to Sunnyside Transformer Fault on January 4, 2014

February 2014



Table 1: Events leading up to Sunnyside Transformer Fault - January 4, 2014

Date	Time	Event
Jun. 1, 2013	12:00	The Stephenville Gas Turbine de-rated by 25 MW due to excessive heat build-up in the B turbine module during operation, resulting from the poor condition of the insulating blankets around the turbine and exhaust stack.
Oct. 3, 2013	08:00	Hardwoods Gas Turbine removed from service for alternator overhaul. Scheduled completion date was December 19, 2013.
Dec. 11, 2013		During testing at Hardwoods Gas Turbine on December 10, a jacking oil pump failed. The pump on the unit at Stephenville Gas Turbine was temporarily removed and installed at Hardwoods, causing the Stephenville unit to become unavailable while a replacement pump was obtained and installed.
Dec. 14, 2013		A new record system demand of 1,501 MW was supplied.
Dec. 15, 2013	01:20	Significant frazil ice accumulation affected the Exploits generation at Grand Falls. Plant production reduced from 63 MW to 38 MW (by 25 MW).
Dec. 16, 2013		Granite Canal Generating Station reduced to 32 MW due to axial vibration.
Dec. 21, 2013	14:00	Hardwoods Gas Turbine unavailable, suspected due to the failure of a three-way fuel valve associated with Engine A. The failure occurred during commissioning of the new alternator, following a refurbishment undertaken during the fall.
Dec. 23, 2013	20:21	Stephenville Gas Turbine restored to 25 MW with the installation of a new jacking pump to replace the old pump, which was removed on December 11 and sent to Hardwoods. The remaining 25 MW of capacity was pending the delivery of new insulating blankets, scheduled for early January 2014.
Dec. 25, 2013		Holyrood Unit 2 de-rated (by 25 MW) to 142 MW due to a broken control valve.
Dec. 26, 2013	06:00	Holyrood Unit 3 de-rated (by 100 MW) to 50 MW due to a failure of a forced draft (FD) fan motor.

Date	Time	Event		
		Total unavailable generation at this time is approximately 233 MW.		
		Implemented generation loading sequence generation shortages protocol up to step eight (with the exception of step seven). A copy of this protocol is at the end of this Sequence of Events. Communication continued with Newfoundland Power (NP) as to the status of generation assets, load forecasts, and protocols. Communications occurred internally to ensure awareness of the situation.		
		Supply and demand at peak. Demand: 1385 MW Supply: 1426 MW		
Dec. 27, 2013		Generation loading sequence generation shortages protocol was not required. Communication continued with NP as to the status of generation assets, load forecasts and protocols.		
		Supply and Demand at Peak. Demand: 1331 MW Supply: 1456 MW		
Dec. 28, 2013	06:34	Bay d'Espoir Unit 2 was removed from service due to air supply issue with circuit breaker B1T2. The unit was restored at 1138 hours.		
Dec. 28, 2013		Generation loading sequence generation shortages protocol was not required. Forecast peak for December 29 of 1410 MW. This was communicated to NP. Preparations were made between both utilities to prepare, as per shortage protocol. A customer conservation message was discussed as a potential requirement for December 29. The decision was to be made early on December 29.		
		Supply and demand at peak. Demand: 1354 MW Supply: 1456 MW		
Dec. 29, 2013		The Stephenville Gas Turbine failed to start initially. The unit was successfully started at 2224 hours.		
		Implemented generation loading sequence generation shortages protocol up to step 13; including asking Corner Brook Pulp and Paper (CBPP) to shed processing load. Continued to discuss the potential of issuing a public conservation message but determined it was not required. Forecast peak for December 30 of 1420 MW. Continued communication with NP regarding the continuing need to implement the Generation		

Date	Time	Event		
		Loading Sequence Generation Shortages protocol.		
	16:35	Implemented the Generation Loading Sequence Generation Shortage		
		Protocol steps to start NP standby generation, implement NP voltage		
		reductions and call on curtailable customer.		
	17:08	Received first assistance from CBPP (28 MW)		
		Supply and Demand at Peak. Demand: 1425 MW		
		Supply: 1470 MW		
		Determined that immediate resolution of Holyrood and Hardwoods generation issues were not possible.		
Dec. 30,		Implemented Generation Loading Sequence Generation Shortage		
2013		protocol up to step 13; This included asking CBPP to shed approximately 30 MW of load in the morning and 52 MW in the evening.		
		There was an internal meeting held to discuss progress on generation and		
		preparations going forward.		
		Discussions were initiated with CBPP regarding a more formal capacity		
		assistance agreement.		
		Forecast peak for December 31 of 1400 MW. Continued communication		
		with NP regarding the continuing need to implement the Generation Loading Sequence Generation Shortage protocol.		
		Supply and Demand at Peak. Demand: 1417 MW (morning)		
		Demand: 1417 MW (evening)		
		Supply: 1458 MW		
		A review of the weather forecasts highlighted that January 2-3 demand		
		levels are were expected to be high. Generation Loading Sequence Generation Shortage protocol not required.		
Dec. 31,		A short- term capacity assistance agreement was reached with CBPP for		
2013		20, 40 or 60 MW blocks of power.		
		Forecast peak for January 1 of 1450 MW. Continued communication with NP regarding the continuing need to implement the Generation Loading		
		Sequence Generation Shortage protocol.		

Date	Time	Event		
		The Public Utilities Board was notified of extended capacity issues with the Stephenville Gas Turbine, Hardwoods Gas Turbine and Holyrood Unit 3.		
Dec. 31, 2013		Supply and Demand at Peak. Demand: 1393 MW Supply: 1453 MW		
		Implemented Generation Loading Sequence Generation Shortage protocol up to step 13. This included capacity assistance from CBPP for 40 MW during peak.		
Jan. 1, 2014		Forecast peak for January 2 of 1500 MW. Continued communication with NP regarding the continuing need to implement the Generation Loading Sequence Generation Shortage protocol.		
		Supply and Demand at Peak. Demand: 1440 MW Supply: 1484 MW		
Jan. 2, 2014	08:00	A conservation request discussion was initiated with NP in the early morning. The short-term forecast indicated that the evening peak would outstrip available supply.		
	14:00	Conservation request issued to all island customers.		
	16:13	NP started feeder interruptions. See attached slide for details of the feeder interruptions from January 2 to January 8.		
	16:34	Granite Canal unit tripped with a loss of 33 MW.		
	16:56	Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro (Hydro) started feeder interruptions. See attached slide for details of the feeder interruptions from January 2 to January 8.		
		Peak Demand supplied 1493 MW at 16:15 hours.		
Jan 3, 2014	12:06	Unit 2 restored to 165 MW, with only a minor de-rating of 5 MW.		

NP – Feeder Interruptions

Date	Time	Feeder Rotations	Average Duration (minutes)
Thursday January 2, 2014	4:13 pm to 10:45 pm	77	88
Friday January 3, 2014	6:57 am to 7:36 pm	141	44
Sunday January 5, 2014	7:23 am to 8:29 pm	158	54
Monday January 6, 2014	5:17 am to 10:48 am	39	47
Wednesday January 8, 2014	3:23 pm to 5:42 pm	32	25

NLH – Feeder Interruptions

Date	Time	Feeder Rotations	Average Duration (minutes)
Thursday January 2, 2014	4:56 pm to 10:50 pm	6	30
Friday January 3, 2014	7:00 am to 7:30 pm	25	30
Sunday January 5, 2014	5:04 pm to 7:03 pm	5	60
Wednesday January 8, 2014	3:32 pm to 4:30 pm	3	30



SYSTEM OPERATING INSTRUCTION

STATION:	GENERAL	Inst. No.	T-001
TITLE:	GENERATION LOADING SEQUENCE AND GENERATION SHORTAGES*, **	Rev. No.	07
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INTRODUCTION

In the event of a system generation shortage, the following guidelines shall be followed in the sequence outlined in order to minimize outages to customers:

PROCEDURE

- A. Normal Generation Loading Sequence
 - Bring on line all available Hydro hydroelectric generators and load them to near their full capacity.
 - 2. Request Newfoundland Power to maximize their hydro production.
 - Make a Capacity Request of Deer Lake Power to maximize their hydroelectric generation.
 - Request Non-Utility Generators to maximize their hydro production.
 - Increase Holyrood production to near full capacity.
 - Notify customers taking non-firm power and energy that if they continue to take non-firm power, the energy will be charged at higher standby generation rates.
 - Ask Newfoundland Power to curtail any interruptible loads available.
 - Start and load standby generators, both Hydro and Newfoundland Power units, in order of increasing average energy production cost with due consideration for unit start-up time.

PREPARED BY:	APPROVED/CHECKED BY:	ISSUED DATE: 1992-07-16
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PROCEDURE (cont'd.)

 Cancel all non-firm power delivery to customers and ensure all industrial customers are within contract limits.

If load is still increasing and it is apparent that a generation shortage may occur, proceed as follows:

- Ensure that steps A1 to A9 above have been followed and implemented.
- Inform Newfoundland Power of Hydro's need to reduce supply voltage at Hardwoods and Oxen Pond and other delivery points to minimum levels to facilitate load reduction. Begin voltage reduction.
- Request industrial customers to shed non-essential loads and inform them of system conditions.
- Request industrial customers to shed additional load.
- Request Newfoundland Power to shed load by rotating feeders. At the same time, shed load by rotating feeders in Hydro's Rural areas where feeder control exists.

Note:

Generation from Wind Farms may shutdown with little notice.

- * Part of the Environmental Plan
- ** Part of the Emergency Response Plan

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